

End of Year 5 expectations - Maths

The National Curriculum for mathematics aims to ensure that all pupils:

- Become fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics, so that pupils have conceptual understanding and can recall and apply their knowledge rapidly and accurately to problems
- Reason mathematically by following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an argument or proof using mathematical language
- Can solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of routine and non-routine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions.



Number and Place Value

- Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit.
- Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000.
- Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero.
- Round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000.
- Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.
- Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.

Addition and Subtraction

- Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (column addition and subtraction.)
- Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers.
- Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.
- Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Multiplication and Division

- Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.
- Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers.
- Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19.
- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1- or 2-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2-digit numbers.
- Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.
- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.
- Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000.

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number.
- Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths .
- Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number.
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams.
- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions.
- Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents.
- Round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place.
- Read, write, order and compare numbers with 3 decimal places.
- Recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal.
- Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{5}$ $2\frac{1}{5}$ $4\frac{1}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.

Measurement

- Convert between different units of metric measure (eg, km and m; cm and m; cm and mm; g and kg; l and ml).
- Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units (inches, pounds and pints).
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in cm and m.
- Calculate and compare the area of rectangles using standard units: cm^2 and m^2 estimate the area of irregular shapes.
- Estimate volume and capacity.
- Solve problems converting between units of time.
- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure using decimal notation, including scaling.

Geometry: Property of Shape

- Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations.
- Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles.
- Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees.
- Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and a turn (total 180°); other multiples of 90° .
- Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles.

Geometry: Position and Direction

Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.

Statistics

- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph.
- Complete, read and interpret information in tables. including timetables.